1. Papaya is the healthiest fruit with a list of properties that is long and exhaustive. Papaya favours digestion as well as cures skin irritation and sun burns. You can munch on it as a salad, have it cooked or boiled or just drink it up as milkshake or juice. The most important of these virtues is the protein-digesting enzyme in the milky juice or latex. The enzyme is similar to pepsin in its digestive action and is said to be so powerful that it can digest 200 times its own weight in protein. It assists the body in assimilating the maximum nutritional value from food to provide energy and bodybuilding materials. 2. Papain in raw papaya makes up for the deficiency of gastric juice and fights excess of unhealthy mucus in the stomach, dyspepsia and intestinal irritation. The ripe fruit, if eaten regularly corrects habitual constipation, bleeding piles and chronic diarrhoea. The juice of the papaya seeds also assists in the above-mentioned ailments. 3. The juice, used as a cosmetic, removes freckles or brown spots due to exposure to sunlight and makes the skin smooth and delicate. A paste of papaya seeds is applied in skin diseases like those caused by ringworm. The black seeds of the papaya are highly beneficial in the treatment of cirrhosis of the liver caused by alcoholism, malnutrition, etc. A tablespoonful of its juice, combined with a hint of fresh lime juice, should be consumed once or twice daily for a month. The fresh juice of raw papaya mixed with honey can be applied over inflamed tonsils, for diphtheria and other throat disorders. It dissolves the membrane and prevents infection from spreading.

Answer the following questions by selecting the most appropriate options from the ones given below: (5)

(a) One of the most important virtues of pepsin is that:
   (i) it is found in papaya.
   (ii) it can digest large quantities of protein.
   (iii) it cures constipation.
   (iv) it can treat a damaged liver.

(b) Intestinal irritation can be overcome by:
   (i) eating ripe papaya salad.
   (ii) drinking papaya juice.
   (iii) eating raw papaya.
   (iv) chewing the seeds of the fruit.

(c) Throat disorders can be cured if:
   (i) one applies honey and the juice of a raw papaya on it.
   (ii) one drinks the juice of a raw papaya.
   (iii) one eats ripe papaya mixed with honey.
   (iv) one drinks the juice of ripe papaya with honey.
(d) 'The juice can be used as a cosmetic' means:

(i) the juice has medicinal properties.
(ii) the juice can be used to rectify physical defects.
(iii) the juice can be used to treat internal diseases.
(iv) the juice can be used to make the skin look more attractive

(e) The fact that papaya is a versatile fruit is evident from:

(i) the fact that it can be drunk as a milkshake.
(ii) the fact that it can be eaten as a salad, cooked, boiled or just drunk.
(iii) the fact that its seeds can be applied on the skin.
(iv) the fact that it can be eaten, drunk and also used externally.

2. Read the passage carefully: 1x5=5

Agnes Bojaxhiu was born in Skopje, Yugoslavia, of Albanian parents. Her father was a prosperous merchant. She was attracted to the life of a missionary in India at a very early age. At eighteen, taking the name of Teresa in memory of Little Flower of Lisieux, she entered the Missionary Order of the Loreto Sisters and on January 20, 1931, she stepped off a steamship onto the quay at Calcutta, then the largest city in the Empire after London. For sixteen years, she taught Geography to the daughters of well-to-do British and Bengali society in one of the most prestigious convents in Calcutta. One day in 1946, however, during a train journey to Darjeeling, a town on the slopes of the Himalayas, she heard a voice. God was asking her to leave the comfort of her convent, to go and live among the poorest of the poor in the vast city beyond. Having first obtained permission from the pope, she changed into a plain white cotton sari and founded a new religious order whose vocation was to relieve the misery of the most neglected of men. In 1950, the Order of the Missionaries of Charity was born, a congregation which thirty-five years later would have two hundred and eight-five thousand charitable foundations throughout India and all the other continents, including countries behind the Iron Curtain.

A. Now complete the following on the basis of your reading of the passage:

i) Mother Teresa was formerly called............. ii) After joining the Missionary Order of the Loreto Sisters, Teresa....... iii) Mother Teresa left the comforts of the convent because........ iv) Mother Teresa headed the Missionaries of Charity whose aim was ........ v)

B. Find out words from the passage which have the same meaning as

(a) A person's trade or profession. (b) Successful.

Section -B (Writing) (20)

3. Write a letter to your friend, to invite him for your Birthday party: (6)

4. Write a paragraph in between 80 to 100 words (8)

a. Importance of yoga in our life.

5. You lost your lunch-box in your school ground. Write a notice in not more than 50 words for your school noticeboard giving a detailed description of the watch. (6)

Section-C (Grammar)

6. Fill in the blanks using the correct form of the verbs 1x6=6M
At 9Am I (go) to the office and (find) that the lock was broken. Thieves (plunder) the drawers and cabinets. I (call) the police. After observing they (say) that about five men (enter) the building.

7 Rearrange the words and phrases to form meaningful sentences.  
(i) The cold / was wearing / to keep out / an overcoat / the old men.  
(ii) a / took out / Rabbit / small / watch / beautiful / golden / the

SECTION-D

8 Answer the following: (5)

a. Imagine you are the king. Narrate the incident of your meeting the hermit

9. Write 20 new words from your textbook, find out antonyms of these words. (5)

10. Find out ten new words and write their adjective and adverb forms. (5)